

Functional JavaScript

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The World's Most Misunderstood Programming Language

A language of many contrasts.

The broadest range of
programmer skills of any
programming language.

From computer scientists
to cut-n-pasters
and everyone in between.

Complaints

- "JavaScript is not a language I know."
- "The browser programming experience is awful."
- "It's not fast enough."
- "The language is just a pile of mistakes."

Hidden under a huge steaming
pile of good intentions and
blunders is an elegant,
expressive programming
language.

JavaScript has good parts.

JavaScript is succeeding very well in an environment where Java was a total failure.

Influences

- Self
 - prototypal inheritance
 - dynamic objects
- Scheme
 - lambda
 - loose typing
- Java
 - syntax
 - conventions
- Perl
 - regular expressions

Bad Parts

- Global Variables
- + adds and concatenates
- Semicolon insertion
- typeof
- with and eval
- phony arrays
- == and !=
- false, null, undefined, NaN

Transitivity? What's That?

- `0 == ''` // true
- `0 == '0'` // true
- `'' == '0'` // false
- `false == ''` // true
- `false == '0'` // true
- `false == undefined` // false
- `false == null` // false
- `null == undefined` // true
- `" \t\r\n " == 0` // true
- `" \t\r\n " == ""` // false

Good Parts

- Lambda
- Dynamic Objects
- Loose Typing

- `(define foo (lambda (a b c)
 (body)
))`

- `var foo = function (a, b, c) {
 return body;
};`

- *(foo a b c)*

- *foo(a, b, c)*

- `(cond (p1 e1) (p2 e2) ... (else en))`

- `p1 ? e1 : p2 ? e2 : ... en`

- `(quote (a b c))`

- `['a', ['b', ['c']]]`

Y Combinator

```
• var Y = function (le) {  
  return function (f) {  
    return f(f);  
  } (function (f) {  
    return le(function (x) {  
      return f(f)(x);  
    });  
  });  
};
```


Inheritance

- Inheritance is object-oriented code reuse.
- Two Schools:
 - Classical
 - Prototypal

Prototypal Inheritance

- Class-free.
- Objects inherit from objects.
- An object contains a link to another object: Delegation. Differential Inheritance.

```
var newObject =  
    Object.create(oldObject);
```

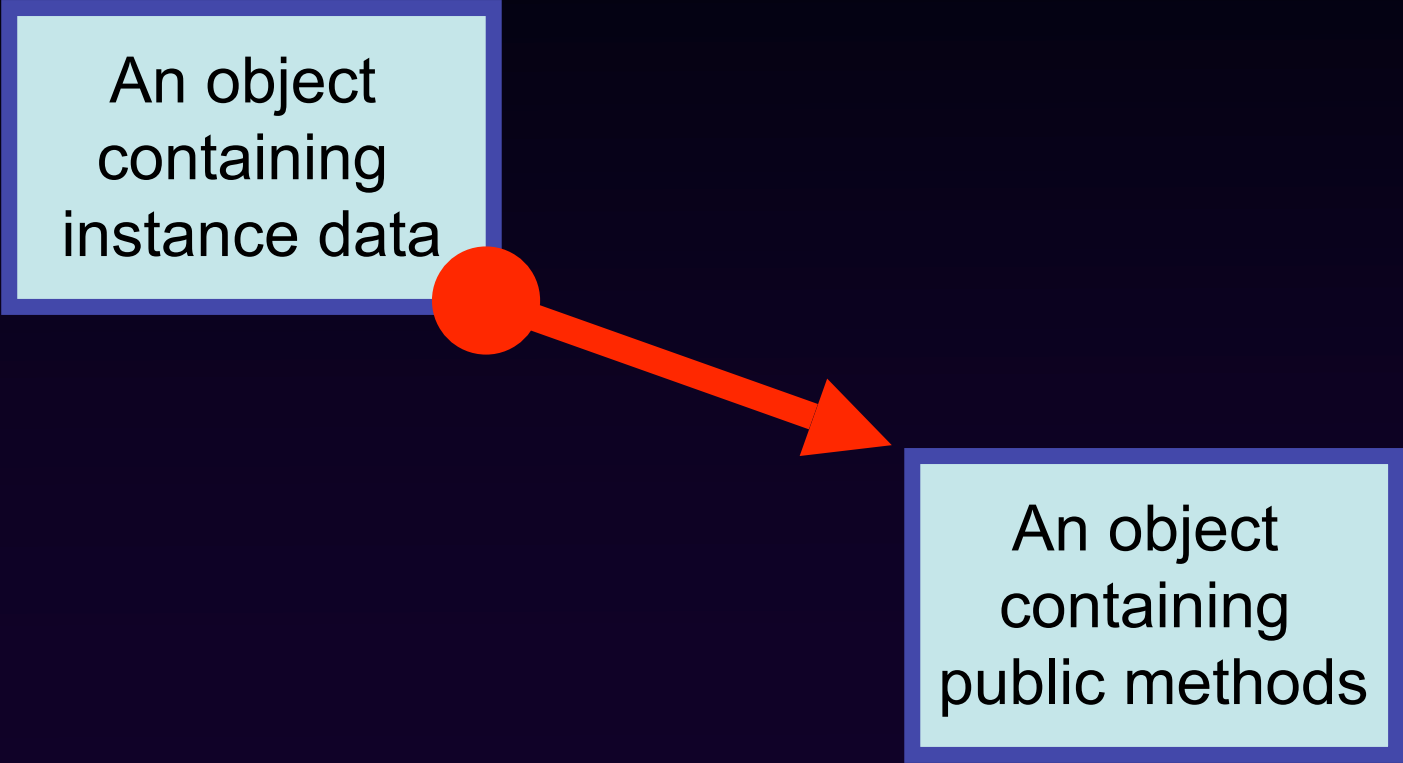


Objects

- Objects are general containers.
- Key/value pairs.
- Keys are strings.
- Values are any value.
- Objects can be modified at any time.
- Objects are passed by reference.
- An object can inherit from another object.

Prototypes

An object
containing
instance data



```
graph LR; A[An object containing instance data] --> B[An object containing public methods]
```

An object
containing
public methods

- Public methods are functions.
- A pseudoparameter `this` is bound to the invoked object.

Object literals

- Simple quasiliteral constructor for objects.
- ```
{
 name : value ,
 name : value
}
```
- Inspiration for the JSON Data Interchange Format. [www.JSON.org/](http://www.JSON.org/)

# Closure

```
var digit_name = function () {
 var names = ['zero', 'one', 'two',
 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six',
 'seven', 'eight', 'nine'];

 return function (n) {
 return names[n];
 };
}();
alert(digit_name(3)); // 'three'
```

# A Module Pattern

```
var singleton = function () {
 var privateVariable;
 function privateFunction(x) {
 ...privateVariable...
 }
 return {
 firstMethod: function (a, b) {
 ...privateVariable...
 },
 secondMethod: function (c) {
 ...privateFunction()...
 }
 };
} ();
```



Module pattern is easily transformed into a powerful constructor pattern.

# Power Constructors

## 1. Make an object.

- Object literal
- `new`
- `Object.create`
- call another power constructor

# Power Constructors

1. Make an object.
  - Object literal, `new`, `Object.create`, call another power constructor
2. Define some variables and functions.
  - These become private members.

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3. Augment the object with privileged methods.

# Power Constructors

1. Make an object.
  - Object literal, `new`, `Object.create`, call another power constructor
2. Define some variables and functions.
  - These become private members.
3. Augment the object with privileged methods.
4. Return the object.

# Step One

```
function myPowerConstructor(x) {
 var that = otherMaker(x);
}
```

## Step Two

```
function myPowerConstructor(x) {
 var that = otherMaker(x);
 var secret = f(x);
}
```

# Step Three

```
function myPowerConstructor(x) {
 var that = otherMaker(x);
 var secret = f(x);
 that.priv = function () {
 ... secret x that ...
 };
}
```



# Step Four

```
function myPowerConstructor(x) {
 var that = otherMaker(x);
 var secret = f(x);
 that.priv = function () {
 ... secret x ...
 };
 return that;
}
```

# Closure

- A function object contains
  - A function (name, parameters, body)
  - A reference to the environment in which it was created (context).
- This is a very good thing.

# Values

- Numbers
- Strings
- Booleans
- Objects & Arrays
- Functions
- Falsy values:  
false, 0, "", null, undefined, NaN

# History

Thirteen years ago in a valley  
30 miles to the south...

# Working with the Grain

# A Personal Journey

Beautiful Code

# JSLint

- JSLint defines a professional subset of JavaScript.
- It imposes a programming discipline that makes me much more confident in a dynamic, loosely-typed environment.
- <http://www.JSLint.com/>

# WARNING!

JSLint will hurt your  
feelings.



# Unlearning Is Really Hard

Perfectly Fine == Faulty

It's not ignorance does so much  
damage; it's knowin' so derved  
much that ain't so.

Josh Billings

The Very Best Part:  
**Stability**

No new design errors  
since 1999!

# Coming Soon

- [ES3.1] ECMAScript Fourth Edition
- Corrections
- Reality
- Support for object hardening
- Strict mode for reliability
- Waiting on implementations

# Not Coming Soon

- [ES4] This project has been cancelled.
- Instead, [ES-Harmony].
- So far, this project has no defined goals or rules.

# Safe Subsets

- The most effective way to make this language better is to make it smaller.
- FBJs
- Caja & Cajita
- ADsafe
- These subsets will be informing the design of a new secure language to replace JavaScript.

# The Good Parts

- Your JavaScript application can reach a potential audience of billions.
- If you avoid the bad parts, JavaScript works really well. There is some brilliance in it.
- It is possible to write good programs with JavaScript.

*Unearthing the excellence in JavaScript*



# JavaScript: The Good Parts

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